

belligerent, and are annoyed at the interference with business by the British cable censorship and the stoppage of cargoes.

They are not the least impressed by the assertion that the allies are fighting for Swedish liberties as well as their own. The Germans are sinking their well insured ships, with or without loss of life, counts nothing

compared with British detention of cargoes.

The correspondent urges prompt and practical settlement of Swedish grievances by the British mission now conferring with Swedish authorities, as the moment is rapidly approaching when the country will be entirely lacking certain commodities supremely important to Sweden's industrial life.

ALL MUNICH UNITES IN TE DEUM TO CELEBRATE FALL OF WARSAW

Crowd of 100,000 Persons Assembles in Koenigsplatz and Give Thanks for Success of German Arms.

MUNICH, Friday, August 6, via Berlin and London, August 7, 3:13 p.m.—A crowd of more than 100,000 persons, representing all classes of society, assembled at evening today on the historic Koenigsplatz of Munich to celebrate the German victory at Warsaw.

This gathering is being talked of tonight as the greatest in the history of the city. The manifestations of patriotism were remarkable in themselves, but they were overshadowed by the evidences of a deep religious feeling on the part of the assembled multitude, during the celebration aeroplanes circled in the air over the Koenigsplatz, and the hum of their motors could be heard constantly above the sounds of thousands of voices.

Every inch of the great square, from the Glyptothek to the Art Museum and from the Propylaea to the Arcistrasse, was filled with the great crowds. With bare heads the people stood in the light of the setting sun, and before giving expression to the national pride in the success of German arms in Poland a fervent prayer went up to God.

All Church Bells Ring.

The remarkable celebration began at a quarter past seven in the evening with the simultaneous ringing of all the church bells in Munich. For two hours previous to this time crowds had been streaming to the Koenigsplatz bedecked with flags for the occasion. At half past seven, to the accompaniment of a military band which had taken up its position

on the pillared portico of the art museum, the crowd sang the Ambrosian Te Deum.

It was during this swelling volume of song that four aeroplanes circled above the square, now rising, now sinking, to land a few feet above the heads of the people, the whirr of their motors joining in with the sound of the singing of the crowd.

The Te Deum was followed by the singing of another choral. Detachments of police and gendarmes had been ordered to the square to preserve order, but their services were not needed, as the people sang with the sing of the second anthem, "Now Thank Ye All Our God," in which they were joined by von Burek, lord mayor of Munich.

Lord Mayor Makes Address.

After this the lord mayor, in a voice heard distinctly in all parts of the great square, made a short patriotic address, closing with a call for three cheers for King Ludwig of Bavaria, Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph.

The assemblage then joined in singing "Hail to the King," the melody of which is the same as "America." Other patriotic songs were rendered by the crowd.

The religious note was maintained to the end, when several thousand persons, still bareheaded, sang the old hymn of thanksgiving to God. It was almost dark when the demonstration came to an end. After midnight every restaurant in the city was filled to overflowing with people waving flags. This was the informal part of the celebration, and the number of persons who were present was estimated to have exceeded the demonstrations following the fall of Frezenoy and Longwy.

CARDINALS URGE POPE TO MAKE PEACE APPEAL TO ALL NEUTRALS

ROME, August 7.—The College of Cardinals is urging on the Pope to make his new peace appeal more definite than the last and to address himself particularly to neutral countries.

The feeling in the various neutral countries is being sounded by the Vatican representatives, and it is planned to publish in the Osservatore Romano comments and replies to the Pope's recent appeal to the warring nations.

The Corriere d'Italia says: "The Pope continues to work for peace, but for a peace that shall be just and shall respect the rights of nations. He does not speak as an advocate of this or that people, but as an advocate of the Italian people; his voice should resound as a solemn admonition to all who today seek to impose a peace without having regard for the rights and just aspirations of oppressed peoples."

AMERICAN SPURNS MUNITION ORDER BECAUSE IT WOULD PROLONG WAR

ST. LOUIS, August 7.—That a large metal works here has refused an order to make ammunition for the British army because it would prolong the war, is the story of the day.

The British purchasing representative in America, C. F. Blanke, president of the company, wrote: "We are equipped to make war ammunition, but when we stop to consider that this ammunition will be used in the killing of men who, through no

choice of their own, are forced into this war and that it causes the death of thousands, we realize the condemnation that could be meted out to us by other neutral and right-thinking nations. We are praying for the end of this bloody war."

"So we would not care to enter into a contract which would enable us to help continue this war, no matter how profitable in a financial way such a contract would be."

War Officially Reported.

FRENCH STATEMENT.

PARIS, August 7.—Some artillery fighting has taken place in Artois, near Douches and Roucourt, and also between the Oise and the Aisne on the plateau of Nouvron.

In the Argonne the Germans twice repeated attacks around hill No. 213. They were repulsed. The explosion of two mines enabled them to gain a foothold in one of our trenches. They were immediately expelled by a counter attack.

In the forest of Apremont the bombardment has been continued with the same intensity as on previous days.

In the Vosges the enemy several times shelled our positions at Linze and Schatzmannelle. Toward 2 p.m. they made an attack on the pass of Schatzmannelle, but the road from Honneck, which was stopped by our sweeping fire. At the end of the afternoon a new German attack was repulsed by means of a bayonet charge and grenades.

AUSTRIAN STATEMENT.

VIENNA, August 7, via London, August 8.—Between the Vistula and the Bug fighting is proceeding. Austro-Hungarian troops south of the Carpathians and the Germans northeast of Leczna, penetrated the enemy's lines.

In the Italian theater: In the Gorizia district the front east of Palazze and Redipuglia was very heavily bombarded by the enemy. The Austro-Hungarian Italian battalions attacked this sector in the afternoon, but after a short engagement ceased to advance.

In the Tyrol and in this there were only artillery actions.

GERMAN STATEMENT.

BERLIN, via London, August 7, 4:08 p.m.—In the western theater: In Flanders the Belgians, owing to the effectiveness of our artillery, were obliged to partly evacuate their advanced positions over the Yser near Hennesse, south of Dixmude.

French hand grenade attacks were repulsed north of Nancy. East of Lunelville our advance patrol easily repelled an attack.

In the district north of Muenster nothing of importance took place.

In the eastern theater: East of Posenewitz the Russians repulsed an attack and a cannonade. Toward the west front of Kovno progress was made and 800 Russians were taken. The advance of two machine guns were taken.

The armies of Gens. von Scholtz and von Gallwitz have, after stubborn fighting, broken the resistance of the enemy near Lomza and the mouth of the River Bzura.

The total result of the fighting from August 4 to August 6 amounts to 14,000 men being taken prisoners. Six cannon, eight bomb throwers and machine guns were also captured.

The troops investing Novo Gorskivsk have penetrated as far as the Narva river.

The fort of Dembe was taken from the south. The advance as far as Blenkow was made. The position is unchanged.

The Russian continue to bombard the town from the eastern bank of the Vistula.

Our airplanes dropped bombs on the

railway stations of Nowmink and Siedle.

In the southeastern theater: Near and north of Ivangorod the positions remained unchanged.

Between the Bug and the Vistula the German troops stormed the enemy positions near Ruskowola, southeast of Lubartow and northeast of Lentsch. The German troops were forced to evacuate their positions there.

ITALIAN STATEMENT.

ROME, August 7, via Paris, August 8.—In the Plava sector our troops are establishing themselves in the conquered positions. The enemy during the night of August 6-7 tried two attacks on them, supported by the fire of numerous groups of artillery which were combated by ours and repulsed to silence. Both attacks were repulsed.

In the Carso a stubborn struggle which lasted all day yesterday was decided toward evening by the material success of our troops. In the center, where we took part of the depression descending toward the Dolomites, the success was especially big, fire and by violent salvos of artillery tried to stop our detachments which sought to extinguish the fire. Nevertheless, the success and energy of our troops enabled them after a while to confine the fire and to limit considerably the damage.

RUSSIAN STATEMENT.

PETROGRAD, August 7, via London, August 8.—Between the Dvina and the Niemen rivers the fighting continued Friday without any essential change of front.

Near Kovno the enemy attacked the positions of the first line of the fortress on the left of the Niemen. Heavy batteries are bombarding them vigorously.

Near Osmowetz the enemy at dawn Friday developed an intense fire, launching great clouds of asphyxiating gas, and an assault on the fortress positions. He carried on the attack, but was repulsed by our heavy artillery.

On the right wing the enemy artillery fired incendiary bombs on the depots of Montakone, succeeded in setting fire to them, and by violent salvos of artillery tried to stop our detachments which sought to extinguish the fire. Nevertheless, the success and energy of our troops enabled them after a while to confine the fire and to limit considerably the damage.

On the Vistula there was a desperate fighting. On the roads to Ostrov the enemy, Friday, after a series of sanguinary collisions, succeeded in penetrating somewhat and extending the ground which he had occupied. He repulsed an enemy attack.

Between the Vistula and the Bug the enemy most desperate actions were fought in the direction of Kuznia Kotak and in the region on the right bank of the Vievpr river north of Leczna.

GOES UNDER AMERICAN FLAG.

German Ship Interred Near Seattle Bought By U. S. Shippers.

SEATTLE, August 7.—The German ship Steinbek, which was loading lumber at Bellingham when the war broke out, and which was interned at Eagle Harbor, near Seattle, has been sold in New York to American shippers and will be placed under the American flag. The purchase price was \$70,000, double the sum for which the Steinbek was bought a year ago.

BIG, SPEEDY SHIPS WILL CARE FOR CHILDREN PROMOTED BY SYSTEM NEED OF THE NAVY

Former Secretary Meyer So Declares in Criticising Mr. Daniels' Policies.

URGES A NAVAL RESERVE OF 50,000 TRAINED MEN After Battle Cruisers, Submarines and Supply Ships Are Ranked in Importance.

Special Dispatch to The Star.

BOSTON, Mass., August 7.—George Von L. Meyer, former Secretary of the Navy, severely criticizes the present naval administration in an interview in the Sunday Post. In the course of the interview he says:

"Here is what Mr. Daniels is quoted as saying in his last speech of August 4: 'No hobgoblin of consistency will frighten me in carrying out my plans.'"

"Consistency," said Mr. Meyer, "as defined in the Standard Dictionary, is characterized by inherent consistency; intrinsically harmonious; not self-contradictory; as, a policy consistent with public good; the consistent execution of a plan."

"What is sorely needed in the navy is a consistent, continuous and comprehensive plan for a building program, a consistent policy for efficiency, consistent organization for prompt handling of naval affairs, greatly needed at the present time and which would render the navy effective for war in the future."

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LARGE PEACE PARLEY BY MEXICAN CHIEFS

Consultation with Gen. Jacinto Trevino regarding the future military movement, and the possibility of a peace conference.

Gen. Carranza's Acceptance of Peace Conference Plans

EL PASO, Tex., August 7.—Gen. Carranza received a check of Washington dispatches today stating that Gen. Carranza had signified his willingness to meet his adversaries in a peace conference.

"I will make no comment," he said, "until I have more light."

Gen. Carranza has summoned military officials from all parts of the territory he controls for a meeting tomorrow at Juarez.

The news that Carranza had consented to confer with other factions was received with gratification by local adherents of Villa.

George E. Carothers, special agent of the State Department, said today that, pending the arrival of Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Monday, to confer with Gen. Carranza, all action of the northern military forces would be deferred.

Copies of the official manifesto of the American relief committee in Mexico City, which was issued by the committee, were distributed to the press.

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FOOD IN MEXICO CITY SCARCE AND EXPENSIVE

The American Red Cross is in receipt of a letter from C. J. O'Connor, its representative in Mexico City directing the relief work there in connection with the food situation.

The foodstuffs purchased in this experiment were: One bottle of milk, three eggs, four rolls, about one-third of a pound of meat, nine-tenths of a pound of sugar, one and six-tenths pounds of salt, eighty-seven-one-hundredths of a pound of rice, one and one-quarter pounds of beans, and one box (200) of matches.

This very modest supply of food cost \$2.80 Mexican. The laborer's wage is paid at \$1 Mexican a day, although the general wage here is 75 cents Mexican for a day laborer.

In other words, the Mexican laborer, in order to buy the meager assortment of foodstuffs, must work ten days.

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